

TO:	MAYOR J. LEHMAN AND MEMBERS OF COUNCIL
FROM:	C. MILLAR, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE/TREASURER
NOTED:	D. MCALPINE, GENERAL MANAGER OF COMMUNITY AND CORPORATE SERVICES
	M. PROWSE, CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
RE:	2020 INTERIM TAX BILLING
DATE:	JANUARY 13, 2020

The purpose of this Memorandum is to provide members of Council with information regarding the issuance of the 2020 interim property tax bills.

Staff will prepare the 2020 interim property tax bills in January 2020, for all property classes, calculated at no more than 50 percent of the 2019 annualized property tax amount, These bills will include any special charges (i.e. local improvements for water and sewer) levied on the property.

Section 317 of the *Municipal Act*, 2001 allows municipalities to issue interim tax bills in order to provide the cash flow required to pay ongoing expenses until the annual business plan is approved. Section 317(3) of the *Municipal Act*, 2001 sets out the rules relating to the amount that can be levied.

- a) The amount levied on a property shall not exceed the prescribed percentage of 50 percent if no percentage is prescribed, of the total amount of taxes for municipal and school purposes levied on the property for the previous year;
- b) The percentage under (a) may be different for different property classes, but shall be the same for all properties in a property class; and
- c) Any taxes for municipal and school purposes that were levied on a property for only part of 2019 because the assessment was added to the property part way through the year, the interim property tax bill for 2020 will be calculated as 50 percent of the property taxes for 2019, as if they had been levied for the entire year.

In accordance with our standard practice, the 2020 interim taxes will be due in two instalments. The first instalment will be due on February 28, 2020 and the second instalment will be due on April 30, 2020.

Penalty and interest is applied to all unpaid accounts the 1<sup>st</sup> of each month at the rate of 1.25% (15% annually) to encourage prompt payment, and to ensure all other taxpayers are not financing those that do not pay on a timely basis. Payments received are applied first to all outstanding penalties and interest, and then to the oldest outstanding principal amount (s).